

Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School

Maths Overview – Year 5



<u> </u>					
	Unit 1 – Place value	Unit 2 – Addition and subtraction	Unit 3 – Statistics	Unit 4 – Multiplication and division	Unit 5 – Measurement (Perimeter and area)
Autumn Term	 read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000 000 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. 	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²), and estimate the area of irregular shapes
Spring term	 Unit 1 – Multiplication and division multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context 	 Unit 2 – Fractions compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, 5 2 + 5 4 = 5 6 = 151] add and subtractfractions with the same denominators that are multiples of the same number multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams 	 Unit 3 – Decimals and percentages read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100] recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per 100', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal fraction solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 		

Unit 1 – Decimals	Unit 2 - Geometry (shapes)	Unit 3 – Geometry (position and direction)	Unit 4 – Measurement
solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000 solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	 identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) identify: angles at a point and 1 whole tum (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles 	identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	 convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre] understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] solve problems involving converting between units of time use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling